

## Safe school bus loading and unloading

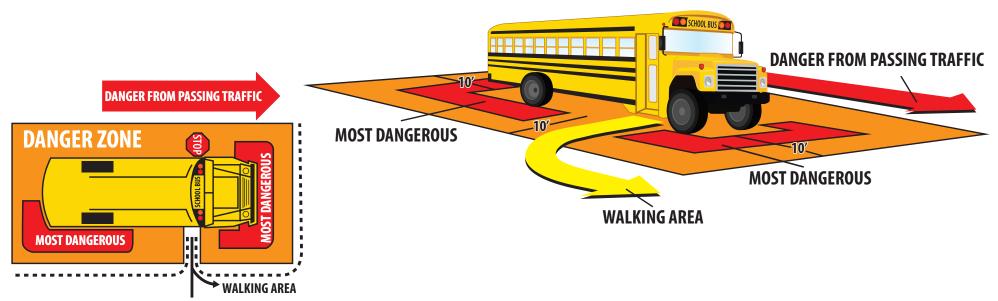
## FOR DRIVERS

## The most dangerous part of the school bus ride is getting on and off the school bus.

Pedestrian fatalities (while loading and unloading school buses) account for approximately three times as many school bus-related fatalities, when compared to school bus occupant fatalities. The loading and unloading area is called the "Danger Zone."

The "Danger Zone" is the area on all sides of the bus where children are in the most danger of not being seen by the driver (10 feet in front of the bus where the driver may be too high to see a child, 10 feet on either side of the bus where a child may be in the driver's blind spot, and the area behind the school bus).





## The following procedures are recommended for safe loading and unloading of students

- Activate warning flasher system at least 100 feet prior to making a stop.
- Approach the loading zone slowly and carefully. Direct students to wait in an orderly fashion safely back from the roadway.
- Stop the vehicle 10 feet, or 15 feet if space is available, from students before loading (direct students to walk to the bus when the door is opened and the driver signals them to load).
- Place the vehicle's transmission in neutral and set the parking brake before opening the door to load or unload.
- Ensure that traffic is stopped in both directions before allowing the pupils to approach or exit the bus.
- Unload the pupils that cross the street prior to those who do not cross.
- Count students to know how many are loading or unloading from the bus, where they are and where they are going. If count is lost, do not move the bus. If necessary, shut off the bus, secure it and check underneath before moving the bus.
- Ensure that students cross far enough in front of the bus so that the driver can see them, even if they drop something. Require students to maintain eye contact with the driver.
- Instruct students to look to the driver for a signal and check for traffic before continuing across the roadway. All drivers in the fleet should utilize the same signal confusion could lead to tragedy.
- Establish a pre-arranged danger signal, such as the horn, in case a vehicle does not stop for the bus while children are loading or unloading. Make sure students know exactly what to do if they hear the danger signal; for instance, "Go back to the side of the road you started from." All drivers should utilize the same danger signal and instructions.
- Load and unload at designated pick-up and drop-off points.
- Backup only at approved turn-around if backing is necessary near a bus stop. Prior to backing, ensure students are inside the bus. For instance,

- load children before backing up in the morning and unload children after backing up in the afternoon.
- Do not unload children at corners immediately before making a right turn. Discharge children after making the turn.
- Pick up and drop off pupils on their own side of the street if possible.
- Instruct pupils never to cross behind the school bus.
- Double-check all crossover and side mirrors for students and traffic before leaving the bus stop.
- Do not put the bus in motion until all students outside are at a safe distance from the bus and all students inside are properly seated.
- Before moving the bus after loading or unloading students, look and listen for any last-second warnings from others nearby that a child might be near the bus. A parent, teacher, motorist, another bus driver or students on the bus might see a child near or even under the bus. Turn off noisy equipment and silence passengers so warnings can be heard.
- Instruct students in the proper procedure for loading and unloading within the first week of school and throughout the school year.
- Be cautious when students are carrying loose papers or books which they might drop near the bus encourage students to use a book bag.
- Be aware of the dangers of clothing, book bag, backpack and jacket strings/straps that could become entangled in the doorway of the school bus.
- Upon completion of the route, walk through the bus to check for sleeping students, vandalism and forgotten articles.
- Report to local law enforcement the license number of vehicles passing a stopped school bus with an operating stop signal arm and/or warning light system.
- Examine stops regularly and report unsafe conditions to the supervisor.