Resilience Improvement Plan

- Strategies
- Toolbox (Countermeasures)
- Research
- Update Schedule
- Next Steps





• Results of hazard assessment



Drought



Tornado/ Windstorm



Flooding



Winter Storms



Hail & Thunderstorms



Excessive Heat



Dam / Levee Failure



Landslide



Freeze/Thaw



Prioritization Activity

		Risk Cons	equence M	latrix			
		Values		L X I = Cons	sequence		
Likelihood	Almost Certain	5	5	50	200	350	
	Probable	4	4	40	160	280	
	Possible	3	3	30	120	210	
三	Rare	2	2	20	80	140	
	Exceptionally Rare	1	1	10	40	70	
		*	Values				
			1	10	40	70	
			Low	Moderate	High	Severe	
			Impact				

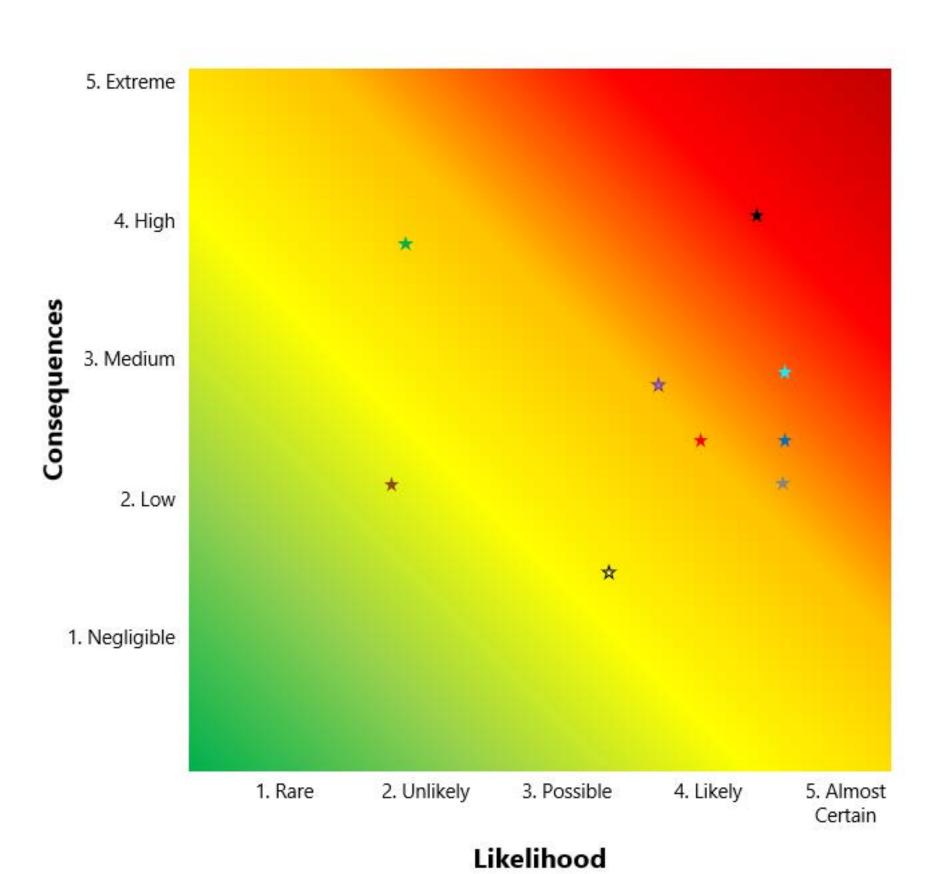
Likelihood x Consequence = Risk





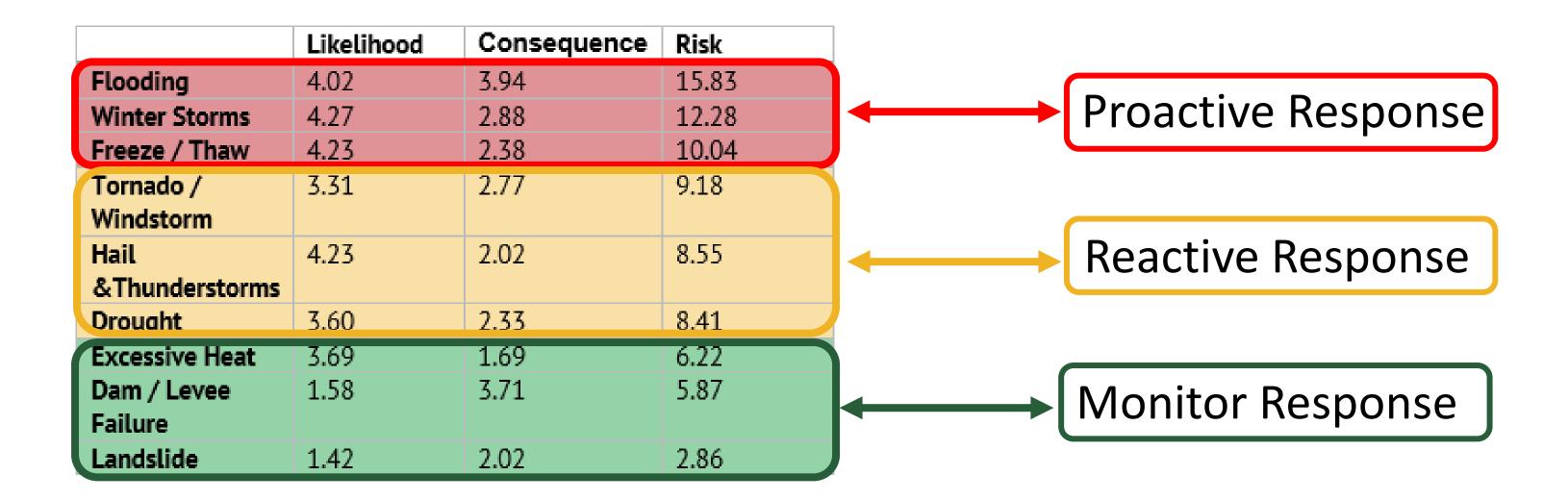
Results of hazard assessment

	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk
Flooding	4.02	3.94	15.83
Winter Storms	4.27	2.88	12.28
Freeze / Thaw	4.23	2.38	10.04
Tornado /	3.31	2.77	9.18
Windstorm			
Hail	4.23	2.02	8.55
&Thunderstorms			
Drought	3.60	2.33	8.41
Excessive Heat	3.69	1.69	6.22
Dam / Levee	1.58	3.71	5.87
Failure			
Landslide	1.42	2.02	2.86





Response categories







Grey infrastructure





Policy measures





Green infrastructure





Co-benefitial improvements





Resilience Improvement Plan: Chapter 4

• Proactive Response

	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk
Flooding	4.02	3.94	15.83
Winter Storms	4.27	2.88	12.28
Freeze / Thaw	4.23	2.38	10.04

- Strategies
 - Road design addressing snow drifting & drainage
 - More ROW needs and acquisition (living within the existing ROW)
 - Climate change and resiliency bridge design policy (Bridge Design Manual)
 - Communication with local communities in regards to flood management
 - Maintaining pavement joints? (how do we improve this) Bridge-integral abutments
- Countermeasures
 - Example: Flexamat
 - Low visibility navigation for plow (research also)
 - Snow fencing (as part of road design from start of projects)
 - Permanent installations (identify ways of making these activities more attractive)
 - Native Plantings
- Research
 - Example: RIDB database development
 - Examine canacity to do BCA analysis



Resilience Improvement Plan: Chapter 4

Reactive Response

	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk
Tornado / Windstorm	3.31	2.77	9.18
Hail &Thunderstorms	4.23	2.02	8.55
Drought	3.60	2.33	8.41

Reactive Response

- Strategies
 - Burying utilities in ROW
 - Drought transporting of water/feed on the system during these events.
- Countermeasures
 - Investment in vegetation management equipment
 - Proactive vegetation management? Ash tree removal
 - Mini landslides
 - Clear zone policy
- Research
 - Example:



Resilience Improvement Plan: Chapter 4

Monitor Response

	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk
Excessive Heat	3.69	1.69	6.22
Dam / Levee	1.58	3.71	5.87
Failure			
Landslide	1.42	2.02	2.86

Monitor Response

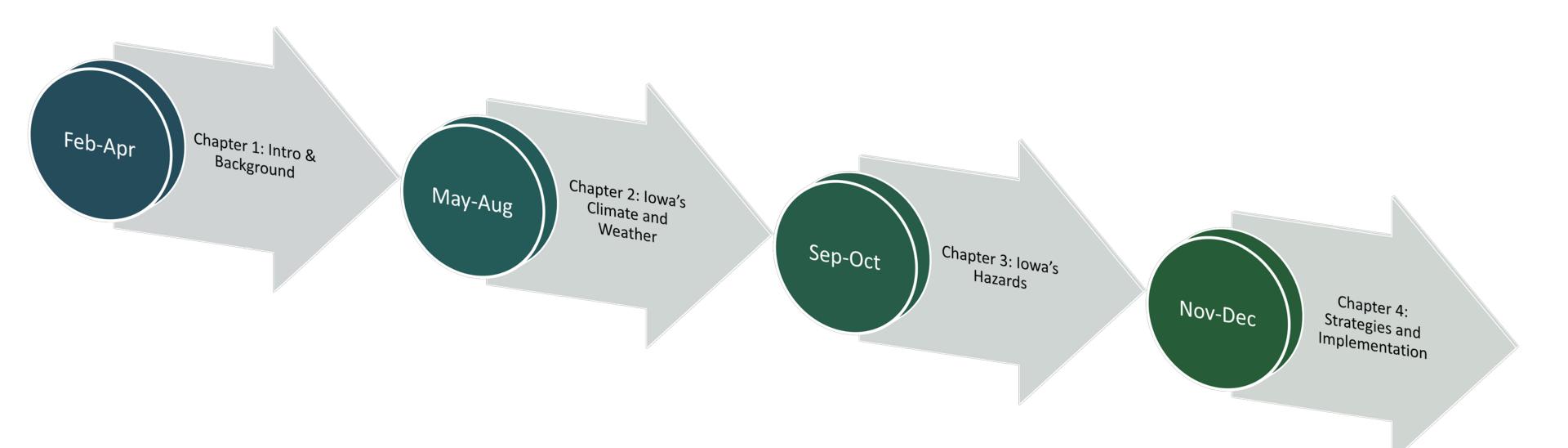
Strategies

• Office of Levee Safety coordination



Resilience Improvement Plan: Update Schedule

Where are we in the process?





Resilience Improvement Plan: Next Steps

- Draft Chapter 4
- Finalize Draft RIP
 - Finish all edits
 - Develop maps and graphics
 - Final internal review
- Review by RWG
 - Integrate edits and comments
- Review by FHWA
- Publish



Resilience Improvement Plan: Next Steps

- Who is interested in reviewing Chapter 4?
 - Jim
 - Krista
 - Jack