

An aerial photograph showing a line of snowplows clearing a multi-lane highway in winter. The plows are moving from left to right, leaving a trail of cleared pavement behind them. The surrounding landscape is covered in snow, and a bridge is visible in the background.

HOW THE IOWA DOT DOES WINTER

IOWA | DOT



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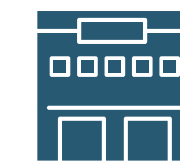
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HOW THE IOWA DOT PREPARES FOR THE WINTER TRAVEL SEASON

Salt storage facility

Our staff and equipment

During the fall months, the Iowa DOT strategically makes the switch from construction and maintenance activities to preparing our equipment, materials, and staffing for the needs of the winter travel season. Here's a brief look at our staffing and equipment resources.



101
maintenance garages
throughout Iowa



1,000+
full-time equipment
operators, mechanics,
and supervisors



400+
temporary
employees



902
trucks



42
motor graders



33
tow plows



10
heavy-duty snowblowers

Let's get salty

The Iowa DOT has spent the warmer months stocking salt in our storage facilities for use during the winter. Buying during the spring and summer allows us to obtain better pricing because demand is low. On average, the Iowa DOT uses more than 135,977 tons of salt and 32 million gallons of brine each year to help maintain safe travel on the more than 24,500 lane-miles of the primary highway system, consisting of interstate, U.S., and Iowa routes.



135,977
tons of rock salt



32million
gallons of brine

HOW THE IOWA DOT PREPARES FOR A STORM

All about brine

The Iowa DOT uses salt brine, a simple solution of standard rock salt and water, to help with winter roadway maintenance.

It can be used to pretreat roadways before a storm, thus preventing snow and ice from sticking to the pavement. Brine is also used to prewet salt before it leaves the truck, increasing its ability to melt snow and ice and helps keep it on the roadway surface.

Why do Iowa DOT trucks sometimes spray brine on sunny days?

Frost is a major safety factor this time of year. The Iowa DOT's proactive approach of spraying brine on areas prone to frost prevents the formation of an icy layer, which typically occurs on cold, clear nights. Frost is hard to see on the road's surface and most people don't expect it. These unexpected encounters with a frost-covered bridge or roadway can be particularly treacherous when traveling at higher rates of speed, making it more difficult to maintain control of your vehicle.



Snowplow applying brine



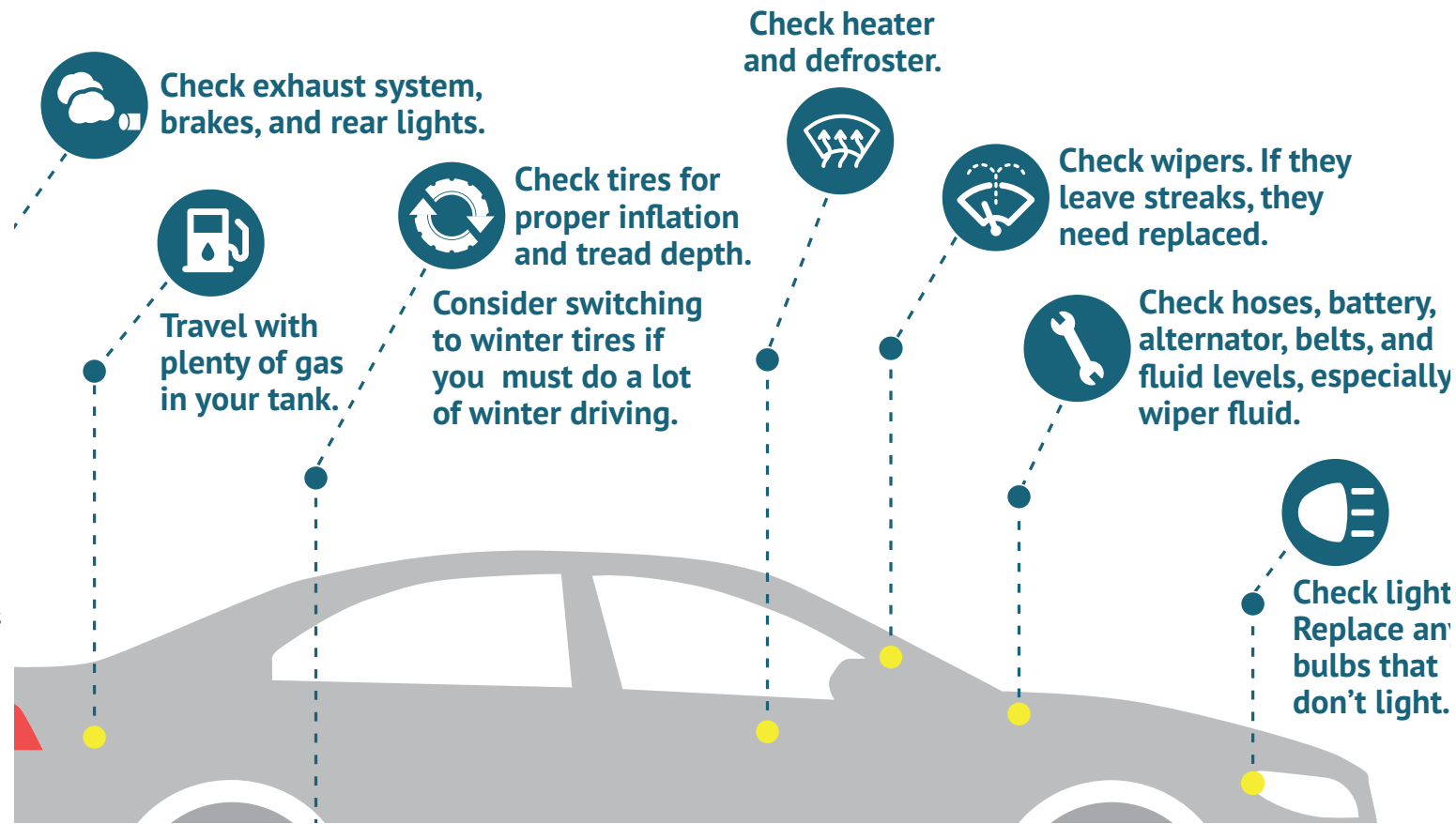
Mixing brine in truck bed

WHAT YOU CAN DO TO PREPARE FOR WINTER

Winterize your vehicle

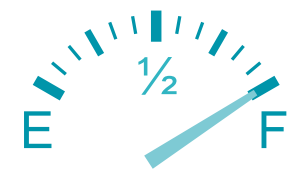
To minimize the possibility of a breakdown, get your vehicle tuned up. Check your vehicle's wipers, hoses, battery, alternator, belts, tires, brakes, exhaust system, lights, and fluid levels.

Make sure your vehicle's heater and defroster are in good working order and you travel with plenty of gas in your tank. A breakdown is frustrating on a good day but can be dangerous during wintry weather.



Place a winter survival kit in your vehicle

This kit should contain items to help sustain your life and the lives of your passengers should your vehicle become stranded during inclement weather. These items can include booster cables, candles and matches, a flashlight with fresh batteries, extra blankets and warm clothes, nonperishable food items, a can for melting snow for drinking water, and a snow shovel. Sufficient supplies should be in the kit for all persons traveling in the vehicle. Carrying a mobile phone and charger in your vehicle is also advised for use during an emergency.



full tank of gas



cellphone charger



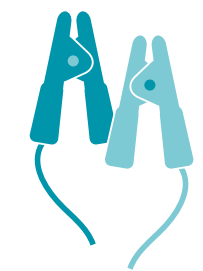
first aid kit



boots/gloves/
warm clothes



flashlight



jumper cables



music/games

WHAT TO CARRY IN YOUR CAR



Because you never know when you will encounter winter weather or emergency road closure



ice scraper/
snow brush



water/snacks

BEFORE YOU TRAVEL

Motorists are urged to monitor weather and road conditions using www.511ia.org before traveling – stay informed and plan ahead.



There are a variety of ways to connect with 511 and stay informed.

-  **Web:** Visit the Iowa 511 website at www.511ia.org. Towing restriction information can be found on the full-featured version of the website.
-  **511 app:** Download the Iowa 511 mobile app for Apple and Android devices. Search for "Iowa 511" in your device's app store. Mobile devices should only be used when parked and off the traveled portion of the roadway or by your passengers.
-  **E-mail:** Receive winter road closure and other travel advisories directly in your inbox. Visit www.511ia.org to subscribe to "My Reports," customizable to the route(s) you plan to travel or highway you use for your daily commute.
-  **Phone:** When in Iowa call 511, or 800-288-1047 from outside of Iowa.
-  **Twitter:** See Tweets for metro area (Cedar Falls/Waterloo, Cedar Rapids/Iowa City, Council Bluffs, Des Moines, Quad Cities or Sioux City) or region (northwest, northeast, central, southwest, or southeast) when you follow 511 Twitter feeds listed on <https://iowadot.gov/511/511-social-media-sites>
-  **Facebook:** To see information we post to Facebook, "like" and "follow" the statewide 511 page or one of five regional pages. <https://iowadot.gov/511/511-social-media-sites>

Dynamic Message Boards also relay vital information.

Dynamic message boards: National Weather Service warnings are posted on the dynamic message boards displayed above or along highways at key locations throughout the state. When necessary, interstate closure information is also made available on these signs.

If you've decided you must travel, focus on these five behaviors to reduce the risk of a crash. This should be done anytime of year, but is especially important during winter.



Chill out – Slow down and leave plenty of space between vehicles.



Drive sober – Even one or two drinks can impair your judgement and reaction time.



Focus on the road – Stow your cell phone and use hands free technology if you need to call someone while you're driving.



Stay alert – Get enough rest before you leave.



Buckle up - Make sure everyone in your vehicle is using a seat belt or child/booster seat appropriate for their height and weight.

TIME TO KICK YOUR WINTER DRIVING SKILLS INTO GEAR

The first snowfall and slick roads are a quick reminder that it's time to adjust your driving behaviors.

Some very simple changes can help you make the adjustment.

1. Turn off the cruise control.

Cruise control does not allow you to let off the accelerator if you hit a slick spot, making it more difficult to maintain control of your vehicle.

2. Adjust your speed for conditions.

Speed limits are set for ideal driving conditions. Winter weather can create hazards that require slower speeds.

Remember these simple slogans, "Ice and Snow ... Take It Slow" and "Don't Crowd the Plow."

3. Keep a safe distance from vehicles in adjacent lanes as strong wind gusts could push a vehicle outside its lane of travel.

4. Put a safe distance between your vehicle and the vehicle ahead in case sudden maneuvers are necessary.

5. Take extra care if driving a high-profile vehicle such as a truck, van, or sports utility vehicle, or when towing a trailer, as these vehicles are more prone to be pushed or even flipped by wind gusts.

6. Your vehicle's headlights are a valuable asset when driving in winter weather. Turn them on to see and be seen.

7. If conditions are severe enough to prevent safe driving, postpone your trip; or if en route, identify the nearest safe place to pull off the roadway, such as a rest area, truck stop, motel, or other location until the wind subsides and road conditions improve.

8. Keep your windshield clear of frost, snow, and ice.

9. Allow extra travel time.

If the roads are icy

- If your vehicle begins to slide, take your foot off the gas pedal and shift into neutral. If you have a manual transmission, depress the clutch. While it may be a natural instinct to slam on your brakes, don't. This may cause your vehicle to slide further and result in loss of vehicle control. Tap the brake pedal lightly.
- If you have an idea that there may be black ice ahead (for example, you see vehicles ahead of you sliding), downshift to a lower gear before you come onto the black ice. The lower gear will force you to drive more slowly and give you better control of the vehicle
- If your vehicle does begin to skid on the ice, turn the wheel in the direction of the skid. This should help to steer your vehicle back on the right track.
- Stay well behind the vehicle in front of you – this is not the time to tailgate. Even if you feel confident that you know how to drive safely on ice, that does not mean the driver in front of you does. Be prepared in case other vehicles start to slide.
- Four-wheel drive vehicles have no advantage over other vehicles when it comes to driving on ice.
- Make sure you and your passengers are wearing their seat belts or other safety restraints.

FISCAL YEAR 2023 WINTER FACTS

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023 (JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023),
THE IOWA DOT USED



129,248


tons of rock salt



31,688,732

gallons of brine

AVERAGE NUMBER OF HOURS OF EACH TYPE OF PRECIPITATION IN 2022-2023 WINTER SEASON



89hours

blowing snow



85hours

medium snow



14hours

freezing rain




34hours

light snow



23hours

heavy snow



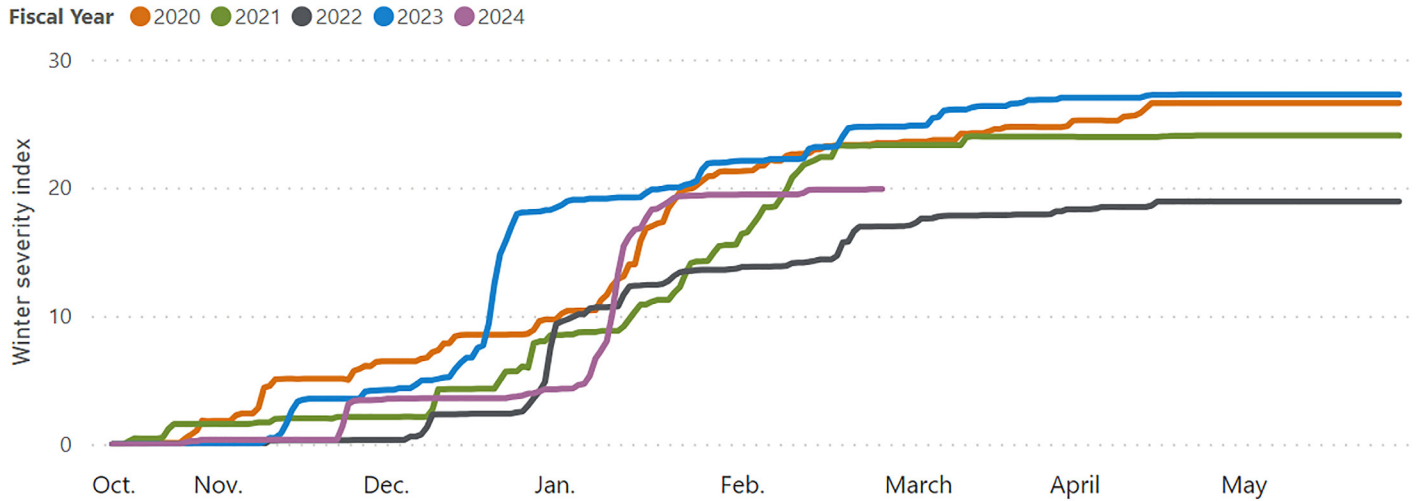
32hours

frost, refreeze, sleet

The winter severity index
is a calculation of the
harshness of a winter
season using:

- The number of
 - Snow events
 - Freezing rain events
 - Snowfall in inches
- The number of hours of:
 - Snow
 - Mixed precipitation
 - Freezing rain
 - Blowing snow
 - Sleet
- The lowest pavement temperature observed during these precipitation events

WINTER SEVERITY INDEX

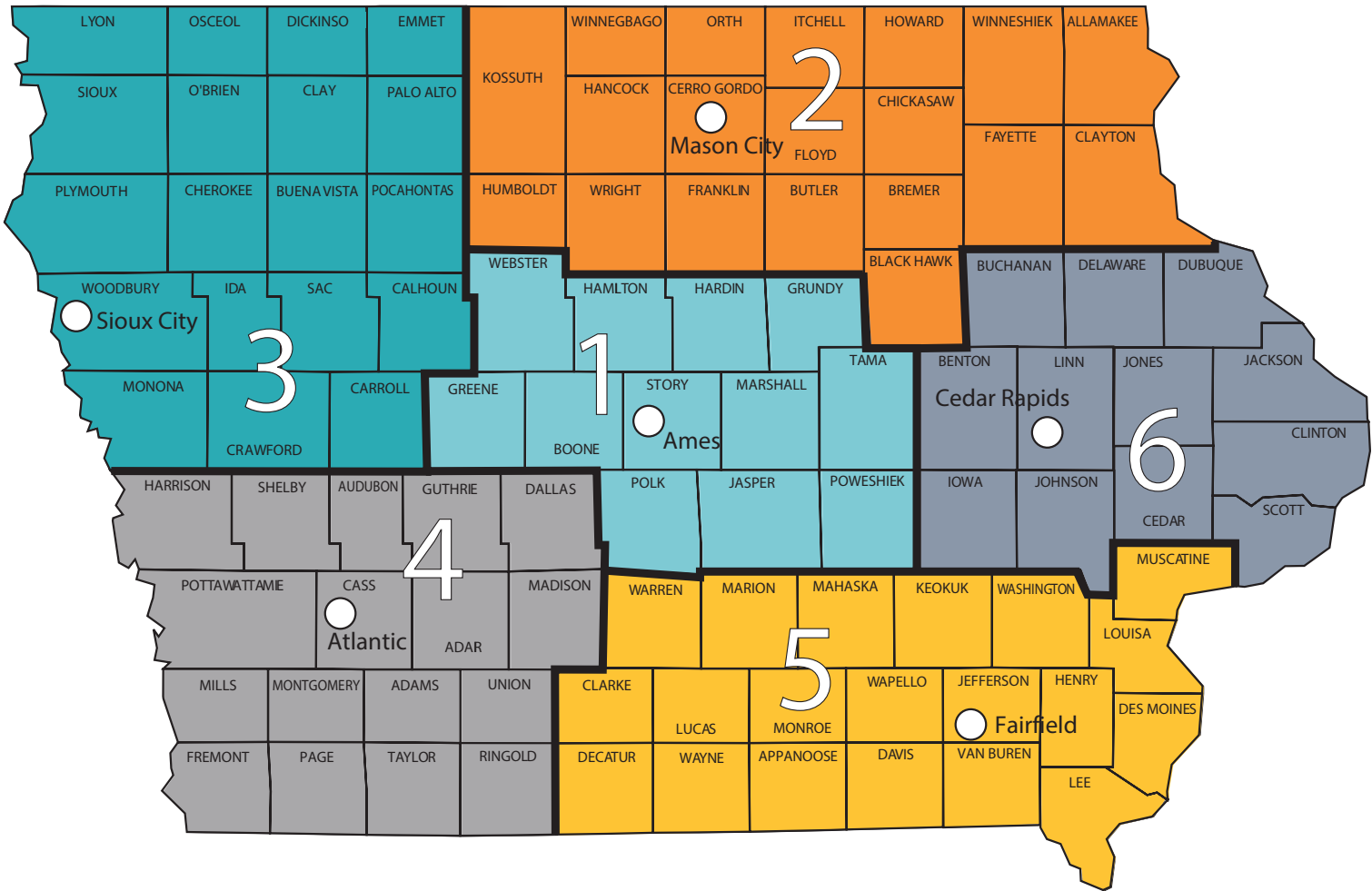


WINTER SEVERITY INDEX: The winter severity index is an average winter weather severity score for the state based on storm duration, storm frequency, snowfall amount, and temperature.

FISCAL YEAR 2023 WINTER FACTS

FISCAL YEAR 2023 WINTER FACTS	Statewide	District (Reference map on page 17.)					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
Primary Roadway Responsibilities							
Centerline miles of roadway (ramps included)	11,941	2,194	1,899	1,972	1,812	1,972	2,092
Lane miles of roadway Miles of roadway times the number of lanes (ramps included)	24,592	4,551	3,939	4,084	3,708	4,030	4,280
Lane miles of Interstate (ramps included)	3,874	998	325	279	1,097	303	872
Number of bridges (includes state park bridges)	4,174	810	636	607	655	606	860
Equipment							
Snow removal trucks Each snow removal vehicle is equipped with a plow, deicing material spreader, liquid deicer prewetting system, and most vehicles are also equipped with a wing or underbody plow.	902	163	150	146	130	142	171
Motor graders	42	7	8	7	6	7	7
Endloaders	133	20	21	27	23	22	20
Heavy-duty, self-propelled snow blowers Heavy-duty snow blowers are dispatched throughout the state as needed and not used exclusively by a single location.	10	1	5	3	0	0	1
Snow blower attachments	111	20	22	32	11	9	17
Tow plows	33	6	3	6	6	6	6
Workforce and Facilities							
Winter operations staff							
Permanent Employees	1,069	222	165	162	164	158	198
Seasonal Employees	373	57	36	37	63	82	98
Supervisors	51	11	8	6	8	8	10
Garages	101	16	17	20	17	16	15
Salt permanent storage capacity (tons)	243,025	47,600	32,700	35,560	37,600	37,465	51,100
Materials Use - 5 Year Average							
Rock salt (tons)	135,977	22,329	20,268	16,912	21,497	20,295	34,676
Liquid salt brine (gallons)	31,924,312	6,009,659	4,024,217	3,621,210	5,139,349	6,065,051	7,064,826
Liquid calcium chloride (gallons)	16,972	8,339	217	0	1,503	5,872	1,041
Sand (tons)	9,009	199	4,845	1,495	598	1,215	657
Financial							
Average annual winter operations budget	\$40 million						
Roadway Weather Information Systems							
Road Weather Information Systems (RWIS) RWIS sites are full service weather stations along the roadside that provide atmospheric and pavement specific weather information, such as the temperature of the pavement surface.	86	18	11	15	12	16	14
Climate Data (5 year average - 2019-2023)							
Average snowfall (inches)	32	32	36	32	30	27	33
Average winter season precipitation days Any day in which .01" of liquid precipitation is received.	66	71	71	62	61	67	65
Average number of snow events	30	38	35	32	27	23	28

IOWA DOT DISTRICTS



IOWA DOT WINTER TERMS



Iowa DOT truck with a wing plow during a 2007 blizzard.

Antiicing – The application of salt brine to the road surface prior to winter storms. The solution lowers the freezing point of water and slows or prevents ice from forming a bond with the pavement during the early stages of a storm.

Deicing – The application of salt or salt brine to the roadway after snow or ice accumulation.

Salt spreader – Each Iowa DOT snowplow truck is equipped with an electronic material application system that automatically dispenses the desired amount of material based on weather condition data.

Prewetted salt – Road salt is sprayed with salt brine to enhance the salt's melting capability in cold weather. Prewetting lowers the melting point of salt to make it more effective in lower temperatures.

Brine – Brine is simply a mix of salt and water. Each Iowa DOT facility mixes it's own brine to a specific recipe. This material is used in anti-icing operations and to prewet salt. Salt Salt remains the department's primary weapon for fighting winter storms.

Wing plow – When mounted on both sides of a truck, can allow a truck to clear almost an extra 8 to 9 feet of lane width in addition to the 11 feet or so already cleared by the main plow.

Tow plow – Towed by a plow truck and when combined with a front plow, the combination will clear a width of 25 feet or two full lanes.

Towing services prohibited – "Towing services prohibited" means it is extremely dangerous to tow vehicles due to road and weather conditions. If you need a tow, it's likely you will not get service during this time. However, you may see some towing services in operation for emergency situations.



Iowa DOT truck carrying a tow plow.



www.iowadot.gov

Iowa DOT ensures nondiscrimination and equal employment in all programs and activities in accordance with Title VI and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and other nondiscrimination statutes. If you need more information or special assistance for persons with disabilities or limited English proficiency, contact Iowa DOT Civil Rights at 515-239-1111 or by email at civil.rights@iowadot.us.