

**BRIDGE PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST**

County: \_\_\_\_\_ Design No.: \_\_\_\_\_ By: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Project Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**1. GENERAL - ALL PROJECTS**

**1.1 Title Block**

- \_\_\_ "Design For (xx?? Skew) (RA)(LA)" "Design For Repair To (xx?? Skew) (RA)(LA)." For bridge on horizontal curve, show 'Radius = xxxx????'.
- \_\_\_ Structure Type and Size (Ex.: "188'-0 x 40'-0 Continuous Concrete Slab Bridge" or "300'-0 x 36'-0 Continuous Welded Girder Bridge").
- \_\_\_ For bridges with multi-project staging, the structure width listed should be the width of the current stage plus all previously completed stages. (Ex.: if stage 1 construction is 20 ft. and stage 2 construction is 30 ft., the first project title block should show 20 ft. and the second project title block should show 50 ft.) Add to the bridge title the stage (Ex.: Concrete Beam Bridge – Stage 1).
- \_\_\_ Span Description (Ex.: "41'-0 End Spans" or "71-0, 137'-0, 51'-0 Spans").
- \_\_\_ Sheet Title (Ex.: "General Notes & Bridge Quantities").
- \_\_\_ Station of bridge (mainline). Mainline bridge station should agree with T.S. & L. for new structure or previous plans for repair. Verify that Masterworks (PPMS) matches.
- \_\_\_ Turn-In to Contracts Date (Ex.: "December 2013")
- \_\_\_ County
- \_\_\_ For design numbers located in a county different from the project number county, enclose the project number county in ( ) after the design number county in the title block and sheet border (e.g. Johnson (Washington) County).
- \_\_\_ "Iowa Department of Transportation"
- \_\_\_ "Design No.," "Design Sheet. No. x? of x?," "FHWA No."

**1.2 General**

- \_\_\_ Check plan constructability. Sufficient details included to guide contractor. Staging sequence provided if required. Additional construction and staging considerations for substructures shall be considered. [See LRFD BDM 6.1.7]
- \_\_\_ Scale not shown on situation plan or any details.
- \_\_\_ Details consistent with Bridge standard sheets.
- \_\_\_ Non-standard details reviewed with appropriate personnel.
- \_\_\_ Soils sheets (as provided by Design Bureau) included in plan set (new design).
- \_\_\_ CADD files drawn with the correct levels for printing color plans.
- \_\_\_ Lists of proprietary products specified in plans must have at least 3 products listed. Do not use "or approved equivalent" instead of designating a third product, unless only two proprietary products are known to be available.
- \_\_\_ Project (Phase) number in the border all sheets for each design. For routes and paren numbers that are not three digits, include the leading zero(s) before the route and paren numbers (e.g. BRF-063-3(046)--38-62).
- \_\_\_ Standard abbreviations used. See [LRFD BDM 13.1.4].
- \_\_\_ Asbestos clearance has been verified for bridge removals. Include note E485 and appropriate bid item "Removal of Asbestos" if Asbestos is present.

- \_\_\_ Bent bar details include the note, "Note: All dimensions are out to out. D = pin diameter."
- \_\_\_ Paint color specified by SAE AMS-STD-595 color number.
- \_\_\_ For bridges over roadways check with Traffic and Safety Bureau if bridge-mounted signs will be required.
- \_\_\_ Staged bridges or structure (foundations) built adjacent to roadways reviewed for temporary shoring needs. Provide necessary details, plans notes, and bid items if temporary shoring is required to support earth below adjacent roadways.
- \_\_\_ Iowa DOT requirements for sheet callouts is to use Design Sheet Numbers (Ex. Refer to Design Sheet No. ?? for barrier rail details).
- \_\_\_ Validate any "By Others" notes referenced in plan set. Only work items in a separate contract are considered "By Others". Tied projects are not considered separate contracts.
- \_\_\_ Use the term "Slab" for Continuous Concrete Slab (CCS) bridges and "Deck" for all other types of bridges.

**2. TITLE & LOCATION MAP SHEETS- ALL PROJECTS**

**2.1 Title Sheet**

- \_\_\_ Title sheet conforms to current DOT format in the Bridge Plan Production Seed file.
- \_\_\_ "Sheet No. A.1" bottom right border.
- \_\_\_ Correct Project (Phase) Number (upper right side, right lower border and top left border of sheet).
- \_\_\_ Correct File Number (lower left border).
- \_\_\_ Correct PIN Number, and Project Directory Number (upper right side of sheet)
- \_\_\_ "Letting Date" filled in with the letting date (upper left border).
- \_\_\_ Table of applicable Bridge Standards included if necessary.
- \_\_\_ Boxed note referencing Road Standards on road sheets. Include the roadway and roadside sheet number(s).
- \_\_\_ Index of Seals (sheet number seal is located on, name and expertise). Add consultant firm information below this by asterisk when needed.
- \_\_\_ County Name (center of sheet, lower border and bottom left border).
- \_\_\_ Proper sheet heading ("Primary", "Interstate", etc.)
- \_\_\_ Proper 'Work Type'. See Masterworks (PPMS) (Ex.: "Bridge New-Steel Girder") (center of sheet, top left border). Use the work type which represents the majority of the work in the project.
- \_\_\_ Verbal location at the center of the sheet should follow format "Route over feature crossed" and "Distance from major feature or intersection" (US 69 over Iowa River, 0.25 Mi. S. of S. Jct of C20).
- \_\_\_ FRA Crossing Number(s) agrees with Masterworks (PPMS).
- \_\_\_ Traffic data shown on title sheet unless more than one structure is included in the plans. For multi-structure plans show the traffic data on each individual situation plan and use the traffic data note on the seed title sheet that refers to individual situation plans for traffic data information. See [LRFD BDM 1.8.1.2].

- \_\_\_ Traffic data for both roadways shall be included for a separation grade crossing (overhead bridges).
- \_\_\_ Traffic data includes % trucks.
- \_\_\_ ROW project # - leave blank
- \_\_\_ Iowa One Call logo on title sheet.
- \_\_\_ Value Engineering Note
- \_\_\_ Iowa map in lower left-hand corner with county highlighted.
- \_\_\_ For consultant projects, place Iowa DOT Bridges and Structures Consultant **Reviewer Coordinator** name in box, which is "Assigned To" **reviewer Coordinator** listed in Masterworks.

### 2.1.1 Index of Sheets

- \_\_\_ List Title Sheet and Map Sheet separately in the table (if needed).
- \_\_\_ List Revision Sheet (if needed).
- \_\_\_ List sheet containing 'Estimated Bridge Quantities' tabulation referenced (e.g. Estimated Quantities – Design No. **xxx???**).
- \_\_\_ List remaining detailing sheets. Do not itemize bridge details sheets for standard projects; Indicate "Design No. **xxx???**".
- \_\_\_ List soil profile sheets with "SPS" convention (e.g. SPS.**xx??** – SPS.**xx??**).
- \_\_\_ List overall sheet range for "Road Plans" (A.?? – X.??).
- \_\_\_ List separately sheet containing 'Estimated Roadway Quantities' in table (e.g. "C.1 Estimated Quantities – Road").
- \_\_\_ List standard "Road Plans" table (e.g. "C.2 Standard Plans – Road").
- \_\_\_ List separately summarizing pay quantities not included in the bridge and road tabulations referenced above (e.g., Roadside sheets, R sheets).
- \_\_\_ Separate "Index of Sheets" included for larger projects on Estimate Sheet or General notes sheet. (generally bridge plans in excess of 50 detail sheets).

### 2.2 Location Map Sheet

- \_\_\_ Location map has its own page.
- \_\_\_ "Sheet No. A.2" bottom right border.
- \_\_\_ Overall Iowa map in lower left-hand corner with county highlighted.
- \_\_\_ Remove references to scales.
- \_\_\_ North arrow, North is up.
- \_\_\_ Map Township/Range (Ex.: "T-87N", "R-2W").
- \_\_\_ For larger scale urban map, "Part of City of **xx???**".
- \_\_\_ Leader to bridge location with text "Design No. **xx???**", and "FHWA No. **xx???**" (arrowhead should be larger than normal).
- \_\_\_ Standard Legend associated with county or city map as appropriate.
- \_\_\_ Ensure county or city map is properly scaled for legibility of the map on a printed page. Labels around the structure are visible. Location of structure needs to be obvious within a display region.
- \_\_\_ Region shown on the map includes at least one major feature nearby, such as a town/city, two primary roads intersecting, a county or state park, or a major body of water (lake or river).

## 3. ESTIMATE SHEET AND GENERAL NOTES – ALL PROJECTS

### 3.1 Estimate Sheet

#### 3.1.1 Estimated Quantity Tabulation

- \_\_\_ Quantity tabulation for design provided on this first V-sheet for each structure.
  - \_\_\_ Additional tabulated "Total Estimated Bridge Quantities" table for multi-design projects not required.
  - \_\_\_ Tabulation title "Estimated Bridge Quantities". For repairs, include a title representing the repair project (Ex; "Estimated Bridge Repair Quantities").
  - \_\_\_ In reinforcing bar lists, for variable length bars, the "varies" designation should be provided in the length column in lieu of an average length.
  - \_\_\_ All Item Codes and Descriptions agree with Masterworks (PPMS)
  - \_\_\_ Divisions in Masterworks (PPMS) are in proper order. For B03 plans, the Bridge Item Division(s) should be first followed by the Roadway Division(s). For B04 plans, the Roadway Item Division(s) should be first followed by the Bridge Item Division(s).
  - \_\_\_ Estimated quantities reflect addition of itemized tables in plans.
  - \_\_\_ Modified standard PPC Beam description/mark correct. See [LRFD BDM 5.4.1.4.2]. Reference on framing plan when required.
  - \_\_\_ Include Construction Survey, **Location Survey** for all new bridges, deck replacements and widenings.
  - \_\_\_ Include bid items "Fiber Reinforcement for Structural Concrete" and "Trial Batch and Test Placement" for all new bridges, deck replacements, widenings and overlays.
  - \_\_\_ Mobilization bid item located with Estimated Bridge Quantities and not Roadway Quantities if the plans are to be turned in by the Bridges and Structures Bureau.
  - \_\_\_ For widenings and major repairs, Construction Survey should include a general note E101 to field verify existing dimensions, etc.
  - \_\_\_ RR Liability Insurance Bid Item included (if needed).
  - \_\_\_ Include bid item "Containment" when performing paint removal. See [LRFD BDM 12.1.9.5.2].
  - \_\_\_ Roadway quantities note, in box.
  - \_\_\_ When necessary for Streambank Protection, include bid items and quantities for rip-rap as shown on the Site Plan (e.g. Engineering fabric, Erosion Stone, Class 10 Excavation, Revetment, etc).
  - \_\_\_ Ensure that roadway sheets do not duplicate quantities for rip-rap. Coordinate with Roadway design on these quantities when more extensive waterway protection measures are provided (i.e. wing dike protection).
  - \_\_\_ Include bid item for HPC if applicable. Check map for HPC applicability [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.1.2].
  - \_\_\_ Include bid item for Structural Concrete 4,500 psi or greater for non-standard deck concrete strength (f'c) as needed per PPCB Design Data Sheets [LRFD BDM 5.4.1.4.1.2].
  - \_\_\_ When both HPC concrete and 4,500psi or greater concrete are needed for the deck, use the Structural Concrete 4,500psi or greater bid item and reference the Development Specification for HPC in the Estimate Reference Notes of this bid item.
- #### 3.1.2 Estimate Reference Information Notes
- \_\_\_ Estimate reference notes listing includes all applicable bridge related default notes stored in Masterworks (PPMS).

- Removal of Existing Bridge item should include Asbestos Inspection Information regardless of presence, for all removals on replacement projects.
- Removal As Per Plan for bridge deck replacements should include Asbestos Inspection Information regardless of presence, for all removals on replacement projects.
- For bridge repairs, Removals As Per Plan note should include Inspection Information when only asbestos is present.
- Include the note “Federal-Aid Non-Participating” for bid item “Deliver and Stockpile Salvaged Materials” and include the bid item in a separate bid item division unless the project funding is Federal-aid non-participating (“N” prefix in project number)
- Delete default estimate reference notes that are specific to roadway work or not applicable to design.
- Include Developmental Specification for HPC if applicable in appropriate bid item. [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.1.2].
- Include Developmental Specification Structural Concrete 4,500 psi or greater as specified by PPCB Data Sheets for the deck in this bid item. [LRFD BDM 5.4.1.4.1.2].

### 3.2 Summary Quantities Sheet

- Included for all new bridge designs or bridge replacement projects. See [CADD M0349]
- Indicate concrete quantities that include fiber reinforcement with an (F) after the quantity (e.g. 250 CY (F) ).
- Indicate concrete quantities for high strength deck concrete (4,500 psi or higher) with a (Δ) after the quantity (e.g. 250 CY (Δ)).
- If construction is staged, separate the summary quantities into their respective stages within the same table.

### 3.3 General Notes Sheet

#### 3.3.1 General

- Traffic Control Note, in box.
- Pollution prevention plan note. See [LRFD BDM 13.2.2] note E40, E40B, or E40C.
- Repair, extension, and replacement projects: Include structure design history at this site” tabulation (see standard sheet 1038). New projects should not include a “Design history at this site” tab.

#### 3.3.2 Specifications ‘Note’

- Correct ‘Specifications’ note. **Use current Construction Specifications year, “2023”. Replace “????” with “2023” specification-series-year.** See [LRFD BDM 13.2.2] note E50\_.
- Supplemental specifications, developmental specifications and special provisions listed by name. Do not include the specification number.
- Electronic copy of supplemental specifications, developmental specifications and special provisions shall be uploaded into Masterworks (PPMS) prior to turn-in date (if necessary).
- For fiber reinforcement in concrete mixes, include the appropriate Developmental Specification.
- Include Developmental Specification for HPC if applicable. Check map for HPC applicability. [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.1.2]
- Include Developmental Specification when using 4,500 psi or greater deck concrete as specified by PPCB Data Sheets. [LRFD BDM 5.4.1.4.1.2].
- Include Developmental Specification for Mass Concrete – Control of Heat of Hydration, when applicable per BDM. [LRFD BDM 6.4.4.1, 6.5.4.1., 6.5.4.2, and 6.6.4.1.].

### 3.3.3 Design Stresses ‘Note’

- Correct ‘Design Stresses’ note’. See [LRFD BDM 13.2.2] note E50\_.
- Include Fatigue Design for Structural Steel. See [LRFD BDM 13.2.2] note E50E.

### 3.3.4 General Notes

#### 3.3.4.1 All Projects

- All applicable ‘standard’ general notes (per design manual) provided. ‘Non-standard’ notes checked for need and do not conflict with standard specifications and standard plan details.
- Scrape test note provided if painted steel is to be cleaned (and/or painted) or removed. See [LRFD BDM 13.5.2] notes E480. Include note E481 when scrape test sample indicates hazardous material.
- Keyway dimension note included (**unless already included in standard plans**). See [LRFD BDM 13.5.2] notes E443.
- Deformed reinforcing dowel note included. (**unless already included in standard plans**). See [LRFD BDM 13.2.2] notes E48.
- Working drawing and Calculation submittals item list note included. See [LRFD BDM 13.2.2] notes E65.
- Include temporary bracing note for all new bridges and projects involving deck replacement. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.2.1.2.6] and [LRFD BDM 13.3.2] notes E202 and E204.
- For widenings and major repairs, note E101 included to field verify existing dimensions, etc.

#### 3.3.4.2 Repair Projects

- Concrete sealer is to be applied to the vertical face and the top of the existing barrier rails. See [LRFD BDM 13.5.2] note E463.
- Concrete sealer is to be applied to any abutment and pier beam seats below deck expansion joint [LRFD BDM 13.5.2] note E438.
- ‘Removals, As Per Plan’ [LRFD BDM 13.5.2] note E440 provides complete listing of work included in item.
- ‘Surface Raise’ [LRFD BDM 13.5.2] note E433 not used on projects with existing overlay.
- A scrape test will not be required on the plans for expansion device repair situations. When removing bridge rails or steel beams that have paint on them, a scrape test is still required. See [LRFD BDM 13.5.2] notes E480 and E481.
- For deck replacement projects over railroad crossings, include note E417.

#### 3.3.4.3 New Designs

- Bridge plan deck (slab) dimension table included for new bridges or bridge replacements. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.1.1] and [LRFD BDM 13.5.2] note E110.
- Transparent stay-in-place deck forms are a Contractor’s option in certain conditions. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.5] and add note E235 if criteria are met.
- Do not include concrete sealer note (in general notes listing). Cover under abutment and pier notes as required.
- If footing will be below water table consider need for ‘Excavation and Dewatering’ note and companion bid item. Applicable when seal coat required. Alternative is Class 21 Excavation with cofferdam and footing constructed in the dry. See [LRFD BDM 6.6.4.1.4].
- If “Excavation and Dewatering” is needed or crossing a meandered stream [LRFD BDM C3.10.1], consider need for “Working Day Water Elevation” note E836 [LRFD BDM 13.8.1].

— Ensure any geotechnical report requirements, such as waiting period between embankment construction and pile driving and/or pile points, are addressed in general notes. See [LRFD BDM 13.3.2] notes E175.

— A girder erection plan needs to be submitted when a steel bridge meets one of the conditions found in [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.4.4]. See [LRFD BDM 13.2.2] note E70 and [LRFD BDM 13.9.2] note E905.

## 4. SITUATION PLAN

### 4.1 New Construction

#### 4.1.1 General

— Review and verify Preliminary Design Checklist for TSL.

— Hydraulic seal included on all design numbers including alternates.

— UP RR bridges, show macadam stone protection on TS&L and assume same during plan development. If UP RR asks us to change to concrete slope protection we will do so, retroactively.

— Profile data. Verify profile information in electronic bridge model file. Display vertical curve gradients to 3 significant digits after the decimal (e.g. 0.547%).

— Include Bridge Staking Coordinates Table. See [LRFD BDM 1.8.4].

— Remove "Design Notes" from Preliminary TSL for final Situation Plan.

#### 4.1.2 Plan

— Shoulder and approach pavement widths and slopes (include foreslope) shown for main and crossing roadway. Verify information with roadway design.

— Horizontal curve data. Verify information with roadway design.

— Alignments and stationing along CL of approach roadway (and equations as applicable). Verify information with roadway design. Label profile grade line.

— Proposed ditches and pipes shown. Verify information with roadway design.

— Any removals to be performed by Bridge Contractor designated.

— Drains called out if not shown in plan view elsewhere. See [LRFD BDM 5.8.4].

— Guardrail shown (if not installed under contract check for appropriate general note).

— Stream or crossing highway name.

— Utilities information cell references Roadway plans (or correct roadway project number).

#### 4.1.3 Longitudinal Section

— Pier Class 20 and 21 excavation classification lines, when required.

— Modify the following elevations:  
CL abutment and CL pier along CL of approach roadway  
Bottom of footing  
Bottom of predrilled hole for pile  
Top of berm  
Low Beam elevation ("OPERATIONAL" and "REGULATORY") as shown on TSL

— Piling description (length and type).

— For structures with piers, label pier type as fixed or expansion as appropriate.

## 4.2 Repair/Overlay Projects

### 4.2.1 General

— Location information near title block. Example:  
~~US 151 Over Maquoketa River IA 17 over Union Pacific Railroad & 210<sup>th</sup> St.~~  
~~T-87N R-2W T-84N R-25W~~  
Section ~~36~~ 30  
~~Cascade Twp. Jackson Township~~  
~~Dubuque Boone County~~  
Railroad ~~Crossing~~ing: Federal Railroad Administration (FRA)  
Identification No. (~~FRA~~)- 190721W  
Bridge Maint. No. ~~3609.9S137~~ 0820.8S017  
FHWA No. #701055  
Latitude ~~XX.123456°~~ 42.052103°  
Longitude ~~XX.123456°~~ -93.815794°

### 4.2.2 Plan

— Alignments and stationing.

— 'Face to Face of Paving Notches' dimension shown.

— Bridge and curb/rail width.

— Highway name shown.

— Legend of work to be performed.

## 5. STAKING DIAGRAM- NEW CONSTRUCTION

— Provide for curved alignments, alignments that do not coincide with CL bridge (dual roadways), bridges with special widths (climbing lanes, tapers, etc.).

— Dimension gutterline at abutment. Note skew of gutterline at abutment relative to structure baseline (or other logical control line) if appropriate.

— C.L. of approach roadway shown as the primary staking control line. For curved bridges a chord baseline is the control line. The chord is defined by the intersection of the C.L. of the abutments and C.L. of approach roadway.

— Provide dimension of substructure units but do not show pile locations. This includes pile bent piers where only the pile cap should be dimensioned. Piles can be shown if potential conflicts with existing piles are a concern.

## 6. SUBSTRUCTURE – GENERAL – NEW CONSTRUCTION

— Pile information for each substructure unit noted adjacent to piling layout. To include type.

— Unsupported length of pile checked for pile encased with CMP behind MSE walls. (e.g., Maximum depth of bentonite is 15 ft. for HP10x42. Fill CMP with sand below bentonite).

— Prestressed concrete pile: Tip-out soil layer blow count 25 to 40 and no boulders.

— Steel and wood pile lengths rounded to 5' intervals.

— Battered and vertical pile for a substructure unit specified same length (typically).

— Drilled shaft CSL tube layout shown.

— Column tie substitution note for drilled shafts (circ. ties for spiral) and bar detail included (Spacing consistent with pitch of spiral).

— Anchor bolts set in drilled holes (per standard specifications - 2405.03, H, 2) if at all possible. When placing anchor bolts, avoid longitudinal bars in the cap.

— Anchor bolts are not preset on two adjacent fixed piers.

— Welding restrictions note included when preset anchor bolts are specified. See [LRFD BDM 13.9.2] note E924.

— Anchor bolt layout detailed appropriately. See [LRFD BDM 5.7.4.4.2].

- \_\_\_ Check concrete least dimension of substructure units to see if the developmental specification for mass concrete – control of heat of hydration is applicable. See [LRFD BDM 6.4.4; 6.5.4; 6.6.4]
- \_\_\_ Show the “Low Step” elevation for all substructure units.
- \_\_\_ If HP10 piling are used only one of the sizes is used.
- \_\_\_ Abutment backfill details included.

## 7. PIER DETAILS - NEW CONSTRUCTION

### 7.1 General

- \_\_\_ Only one ‘set’ of pier notes provided in design to avoid inconsistencies.
- \_\_\_ Include pier pile notes E718 for LRFD contract length and resistance and E719 for LRFD driving and construction control. See [LRFD BDM 13.8.2].
- \_\_\_ For piers with expansion device include note regarding concrete sealer. See [LRFD BDM 13.3.2] note E181.
- \_\_\_ On pier plan view and footing plan view dimensions are tied into the bridge construction baseline and the baseline is labeled appropriately. Coordinate with ‘Staking Diagram’ or ‘Foundation Layout.’
- \_\_\_ Pier reinforcing marks conform to The Bridges and Structures Bureau pier detailing practice [LRFD BDM Table 6.6.4.1.1.2].
- \_\_\_ For the piers, if the top of cap keyway is not shown in the pier cap plan, place a note in the pier notes to refer to the design sheet where the keyway is shown (generally standard sheet 4500, superstructure details).

### 7.2 Cap

- \_\_\_ Pier steps normal to face of pier for expansion pier and parallel to center of roadway (with skew) for fixed pier. See [LRFD BDM 6.6.4.1.1.2].
- \_\_\_ Pier step reinforcement provided when required. See [LRFD BDM 6.6.4.1.1.2].
- \_\_\_ Cap reinforcement epoxy coated if under expansion device.
- \_\_\_ Minimum of 5” clear space between rebar provided for tremie.

### 7.3 Column

- \_\_\_ Column reinforcement epoxy coated if within 25’ clear distance from edge of travel lane or under expansion device [LRFD BDM 6.6.4.1.2.2].
- \_\_\_ Heavy Construction or crash wall for RR overpass (check T.S.L., generally provided if center track to face column is less than 25’)
- \_\_\_ Spiral ties shown for typical circular column (non-spirally reinforced, 12” spacing).
- \_\_\_ Column tie substitution note (circ. ties for spiral) and bar detail included (12” spacing).
- \_\_\_ Spacing of vertical bars in round column provided.
- \_\_\_ Keyway shown at top and bottom of column and labeled as to size and type. A 3 x 10 dressed and beveled strip is used for T-piers [LRFD BDM 13.8.2] note E701]
- \_\_\_ d1, column bars and d2, column to footing bars, should be same size.
- \_\_\_ Space in the column reinforcing provided to accommodate tremie. See [LRFD BDM 6.6.4.1.2.2].
- \_\_\_ If hooked bars are used projecting from columns provide 12” opening for the tremie. See [LRFD BDM 6.6.4.1.2.2].

### 7.4 Footing

- \_\_\_ Perimeter pile battered. See [LRFD BDM 6.6.4.1.3.1].

- \_\_\_ Note if battered pile used: “Pile dimensions shown are at bottom of footing. Batter piles X?: 1 in the direction shown”.
- \_\_\_ Pile cutoff for battered piling horizontal. See [LRFD BDM 6.2.5].
- \_\_\_ Include bearing resistance note E835 for spread footings. See [LRFD BDM 13.8.2].

### 7.5 Pile Bent

- \_\_\_ Appropriate pile type provided based on blow count. See [LRFD BDM 6.2].
- \_\_\_ Pile size appropriate for unsupported length, which includes scour depth. See [Standard sheet P10L].
- \_\_\_ If P10L standard applicable, include P10L sheet in the bridge plans and list the sheet in the Standards Plan Box.

## 8. ABUTMENT DETAILS - NEW CONSTRUCTION

### 8.1 General

- \_\_\_ Only one ‘set’ of abutment notes required in design to avoid inconsistencies.
- \_\_\_ Include abutment pile notes E818 for LRFD contract length and resistance and E819 for LRFD driving and construction control. See [LRFD BDM 13.8.2].
- \_\_\_ On ‘Part plan at abutment’ and ‘Abutment pile plan’ beam and pile spacing (as appropriate) is tied into the bridge construction baseline and the baseline is labeled appropriately.
- \_\_\_ Paving block detail included if the approach is not to be placed by bridge contractor. See [LRFD BDM 6.5.1.1.1; 6.5.1.1.2].

### 8.2 Stub Abutments

- \_\_\_ Stagger pile between front and back rows to maximize clearance between piles. Behind MSE walls piling may need to be aligned to clear MSE wall straps.
- \_\_\_ Pile batter indicated (typically 4:1).
- \_\_\_ Abutment step reinforcement provided. See [LRFD BDM 6.5.4.2.2].
- \_\_\_ For stub abutments include note regarding concrete sealer. See [LRFD BDM 13.3.2] note E181.
- \_\_\_ For stub abutments behind MSE wall note E55 is included. See [LRFD BDM 13.2.2].

### 8.3 Integral Abutments

- \_\_\_ Is pile pre-bore required and if so is it noted in the appropriate place in the plans (bid-item included on estimated bridge quantities sheet, and on long. section of situation plan).
- \_\_\_ Constraints for use of integral abutments within bridge parameters. See [LRFD BDM Table 6.5.1.1.1].
- \_\_\_ Abutment step reinforcement not required (m and n bars).
- \_\_\_ CWPG Superstructure: Beam end reinforcing bars per design manual shown. See [LRFD BDM Figure 6.5.1.1.1].

## 9. SUPERSTRUCTURE DETAILS - GENERAL - NEW CONSTRUCTION

### 9.1 General

- \_\_\_ All new bridges, bridge replacements, deck replacements, and bridge widenings shall include polypropylene fibers in the deck pours. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.2]

### 9.2 Typical Section

- \_\_\_ Drain details included.
- \_\_\_ Drain note specifies cost in ‘Structural Concrete’, ‘Structural Steel’ or ‘Deck Drains’ bid item, as appropriate.

- \_\_\_ Beam spacing is tied into the bridge construction baseline and the baseline is labeled appropriately.
- \_\_\_ Permissible longitudinal construction joint provided for roadway width >80' or if the roadway is tapered. Label "Permissible". See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.2].
- \_\_\_ If anticipated dead load deflection greater than 2", closure pour required with longitudinal joint.
- \_\_\_ Tributary deck width shall be considered when determining haunch thickness and beam line haunch elevations particularly for bridges involving staged construction and closure pours. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.2]. Beam lines adjacent to a closure pour with reduced tributary weight shall specifically state in a plan note that deflections are based on tributary deck width without any closure pour weight included so that field personnel are aware that no adjustment to the deflections is required.
- \_\_\_ Minimum closure pour width shall be the greater of 3 ft or the splice length plus 4". Closure pours should be placed in areas with constant cross slope in the bridge deck. Closure pours over beams and in vehicle wheel path should be avoided.
- \_\_\_ Closure pour to be placed continuously from end to end of the deck.
- \_\_\_ If longitudinal construction joint provided (either permissible or mandatory), transverse reinforcing bars are spliced at joint and weight of splice included in quantity.
- \_\_\_ If construction is staged over multiple construction seasons, exposed transverse deck (slab) reinforcing shall be stainless steel lapped with epoxy coated reinforcing on each side of the construction joint. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.2; LRFD BDM 5.8.5.1.1]
- \_\_\_ For variable width bridge deck (slab) placements, the sections should be uniform width. Use permissible longitudinal joints to separate the tapered sections.
- \_\_\_ If transverse reinforcing bars will be > 40' and no longitudinal construction joint is shown on plans, transverse reinforcement splice note included. See Standard Sheet 4310.
- \_\_\_ Table of 'b2' bars (PPCB) from standard drawing not shown (this is for designer information only).
- \_\_\_ For both standard and non-standard, non-varying bridge widths, show the cross-sectional area of the bridge deck (slab) listed on the plans within a box. See Standard Sheet 4560.
- \_\_\_ For bridges with sidewalks, liquid curing compound finishing note included for sidewalk surface.
- \_\_\_ For bridges with sidewalks, cover plates are detailed at expansion joints to be ADA compliant if necessary.
- \_\_\_ Trench type drains in sidewalks use ADA compliant grates.

**9.3 Typical Section**

- \_\_\_ Deck (slab) placement sequence shown (if required) with applicable notes. Note shall address whether end to end deck (slab) pours are permitted. Include 48 hour wait and minimum strength note E926 between pours. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.2].
- \_\_\_ Deck (slab) placement sequence consistent with IA/DOT practice - address uplift concerns if they exist. Pour positive moment sections first, then negative.
- \_\_\_ For widenings and staged construction, include note E1036 to the deck (slab) placement notes.
- \_\_\_ Proper transverse joint type shown. Skewed 'Alternate Transverse Construction Joint' shown with stepped joint. See [LRFD BDM Table 5.2.4.1.2 and Table 5.6.12.4.2].
- \_\_\_ Both longitudinal and transverse construction joint details provided if a stepped transverse construction joint is shown.

- \_\_\_ Longitudinal dimensions labeled as 'Out to Out of Deck (Slab)'.
  - \_\_\_ Longitudinal construction joint shown (if applicable)
- \_\_\_ Transverse and longitudinal deck (slab) reinforcing layout details adequate.
- \_\_\_ For variable width bridges, vary lap splice for transverse bars rather than vary length of transverse bars. However, minimize number of different bar lengths.

**9.4 Deck (Slab) Elevation Layout**

- \_\_\_ Format of diagram consistent with IA/DOT practice.
- \_\_\_ Spacing provided for deck elevations along C.L. of beam (8' to 10' range preferred). See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.2].
- \_\_\_ For CCS bridges using 'J' standard superstructure sheets, slab elevation spacing matches the spacing on form camber diagram.
- \_\_\_ Steel bridge deck elevations correspond with the deflection information provided.
- \_\_\_ Transverse elevations provided at the centerline of bearings but not the centerline of pier, (unless the centerline of the bearings corresponds with the centerline of the pier).
- \_\_\_ Deck elevations provided along the centerline of approach roadway, all beam lines, each gutter line and longitudinal construction joint if required.
- \_\_\_ Included beam line haunch elevation sheet for both PPCB and steel girder bridges.
- \_\_\_ Include "Crown Template" detail and define the dimension 'X' on the deck (slab) elevation sheet. See [LRFD BDM 1.7.1].

**10. SUPERSTRUCTURE DETAILS - CWPG - NEW CONSTRUCTION**

**10.1 Girder Details**

- \_\_\_ Shear stud diameter 7/8".
- \_\_\_ Part plan view of stiffener details (section thru girder) provided.
- \_\_\_ Weld for flange to web noted as "Submerged Arc Welding".
- \_\_\_ Shear stud height varies with top flange thickness. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.4.1.8].
- \_\_\_ Intermediate girder termination crossbeam has shear studs (dropping girder line).
- \_\_\_ Weathering steel notes included for weathering steel bridges. See [LRFD BDM 13.9.2] note E930.
- \_\_\_ Painting of weathering steel on exterior girders fascia on median side required if opening between two bridges is less than 30 ft. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.4.2].
- \_\_\_ Painting of weathering steel for "tunnel-like" conditions. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.4.1.2].
- \_\_\_ Flange width increase clipped 2.5:1 at bolted splice. If the difference between top or bottom flange widths on either side of a field splice exceeds 2 inches, then the wider flange should be clipped at a 1:1 transition.
- \_\_\_ If flange plate size is increased exclusive of a bolted connection, request that analysis be made using larger plate between bolted connections and add appropriate note regarding substitution. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.4.1.6].
- \_\_\_ Label tension and compression zones. Based on net tensile stress under Strength Load Combination 1. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.4.2].
- \_\_\_ ASTM F3125 Grade A325 7/8" diameter bolts are typical.
- \_\_\_ Preferred maximum girder length between splice points 120'.

\_\_\_ Note E904 included for most steel girders. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.1.1].

\_\_\_ Note E204 included for temporary bracing of steel girders.

## 10.2 Superstructure Details

\_\_\_ Flange deflector detail provided if necessary. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.4.2].

\_\_\_ Correct bearing specified based on reaction.

\_\_\_ Table of rocker and expansion joint settings included.

\_\_\_ For bridges with closure pours the bracing in the bay to have the closure pour is to be installed after the second stage has been poured and prior to placing the closure pour. The bolt holes shall be field drilled in the cross-bracing members to provide allowances for fit up of the diaphragms. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.2].

\_\_\_ Shop welded splice note included. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.4.2].

\_\_\_ Detail included for Flange Butt Weld Splice. See [LRFD BDM 5.5.21.4.1.13].

\_\_\_ Temporary deck overhang detail included. See [CADD M0144], and [LRFD BDM 5.4.1.2.5]. 9 kip live load.

## 10.3 Deflection Diagram

\_\_\_ Format of camber, haunch and dead load deflection diagrams consistent with Design Manual. Typically, interior girder only shown unless unusual circumstances.

\_\_\_ For 'Camber and Blocking' diagram 'Keep' dimensions (measured from 'chord between abut. bearings' or horizontal line) provided at all bearings (including '0 Keep' noted at abutment(s)).

\_\_\_ Dimension from 'chord between abutment bearings' or horizontal line to 'top of web' shown as an individual value at the midpoint and ends of each girder segment (segment is considered end to splice or splice to splice). See [LRFD BDM 5.3.3.2] and [LRFD BDM C.5.3.3.2].

\_\_\_ Dimension from both 'chords' to 'xx??' of web' shown at midpoint of parabolic camber.

\_\_\_ Moment and reaction table, consistent with IA/DOT practice, included in plans.

\_\_\_ Locations of the dead load deflection values should correspond to the deck elevation locations.

## 11. SUPERSTRUCTURE DETAILS - PPCB - NEW CONSTRUCTION

### 11.1 Framing Plan (If Provided)

\_\_\_ Dimensions adjusted for slope - element lengths only - not horizontal lengths.

### 11.2 Superstructure Details

\_\_\_ Intermediate diaphragm details, do not use the note from standard sheet 1036 ("At locations under longitudinal bridge floor . . .") when a longitudinal joint is not permitted.

\_\_\_ Intermediate diaphragms placed at the correct locations when using a beam span greater than 120 ft. See [LRFD BDM 5.4.1.4.2].

\_\_\_ Deck thickness of 8.5". See [LRFD BDM 5.2.1.1].

\_\_\_ For deck reinforcing, top bar clear cover shall be 2.75" and bottom bar clear cover shall be 1.5". See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.2].

\_\_\_ For bridges including a precast deck panel option check the use of precast deck panels is allowed and include the precast note below the Total Estimated Quantities Tabulation. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.3].

\_\_\_ For prestressed concrete beam bridges with steel intermediate diaphragms, the diaphragm bolts used in connecting the channel to the bent plate shall remain loose until the second stage has been poured then tightened before the closure pour.

\_\_\_ Appropriate bearing used. See [LRFD BDM 5.7].

\_\_\_ Appropriate deck placement note. Note shall address whether end to end deck pours are permitted. See [LRFD BDM 13.9.2] note E926.

## 11.3 Beam Details

\_\_\_ Current 'Strand Projection at Beam Ends' detail used, with strands upward.

\_\_\_ Non-Standard beam details/notes reviewed with appropriate staff for need and adequacy.

\_\_\_ Shear reinforcing modifications provided for haunch >2".

\_\_\_ Required vent holes provided (stream crossings, per T.S.L.)

\_\_\_ General notes from the beam standard sheets starting with 'If . . .' reviewed for applicability. If applicable, delete the 'implied option' portion of the note (Ex. "If the steel diaphragm option is allowed and used"). If not applicable, note is not used.

\_\_\_ General note from the beam standard sheet "The portions of the prestress beams that are to be embedded ..." reviewed for applicability (abutment?, pier?)

\_\_\_ Modified standard beam mark is consistent with bid item description. See [LRFD BDM 5.4.1.4.2].

\_\_\_ Concrete sealer details included for the ends of PPC beams under bridge joints (typically for stub abutments), see IM 570 and standard sheets 1036.

## 12. DETAILS - REPAIR/OVERLAY PROJECTS

### 12.1 General

\_\_\_ Existing conduit shown and labeled on typical section.

\_\_\_ Typical section indicates cross slope of deck (slab).

\_\_\_ Adequate details provided to define location and scope of concrete repair work.

\_\_\_ Overlay: Correct number of drains noted for 'Floor repair detail at drains.'

\_\_\_ Re-Overlay: Classification line shown correctly for bridges with existing overlay. Classification line will be 1/4" below the original classification line.

\_\_\_ Ready mix trucks are not allowed on the deck (slab) for overlay or re-overlay projects. Add updated note E447. See [LRFD BDM 12.1.8.1].

\_\_\_ All new HPC-O overlays shall include polypropylene fibers in the concrete pour. See [LRFD BDM 12.1.9.1.2]

### 12.2 Temporary Barrier Rail

\_\_\_ Reduced width signing plan provided if lane width less than ~~14'-6~~ 15'-6. See [LRFD BDM 12.1.8.2].

\_\_\_ 'F-Shape' used for minimum lane 12'-5 interstate mainline, 10'-6 primary. H-Pile section used when these minimums cannot be provided.

\_\_\_ Traffic lane and work area shall be correctly shown on the staging cross sections of the bridge sheets for each construction stage with location of the TBR shown. The staging widths shall be coordinated with the traffic control details of the roadway plan. Traffic lane width should be noted as "minimum" on the bridge sheets.

\_\_\_ For bridges with sidewalks, coordinate traffic control with Design Bureau to maintain pedestrian access during construction. See [LRFD BDM 12.1.8.2].

\_\_\_ Typical layout of the rail for one-way and two-way traffic is shown on Road Design Details 8210 and 8212. See [LRFD BDM 12.1.8.3] for details of the placement policy.

### 12.3 Backwall Repair/Barrier Rail Footings

\_\_\_ Detail specifying limits of Class 20 excavation and backfill materials provided.

\_\_\_ Backwall: Note specifying that subdrain and backfill included in Class 20 excavation: The cost of furnishing and placing subdrain (including excavation), floodable backfill, porous backfill, and subdrain outlet is to be included in the price bid for "Excavation, Class 20". No extra payment will be made.

\_\_\_ Backwall reconstruction consolidation note included. See [LRFD BDM 13.5.2] note E461.

## 13. BARRIER RAIL

### 13.1 New Construction

\_\_\_ Use single sloped MASH barrier rail.

\_\_\_ Electric conduit shown. See [LRFD BDM 5.8.1.2.1.1-3].

\_\_\_ Use 2" or 3" conduit as appropriate. See [LRFD BDM 5.8.1.2.1.1-3].

\_\_\_ Check that Road Standard LI-104 for junction boxes is included if applicable (typical when conduit in barrier rail).

\_\_\_ Remember special 3'-8 rail for UP RR bridges.

\_\_\_ UP RR bridges, assume 10:1 transition for barrier rail, as taller rail is required.

\_\_\_ UP RR bridges, do not add fence (splashboard) unless UP RR says that we must.

\_\_\_ For bridges with super elevations >2%, level the low side of the rail and keep high side of the rail perpendicular to the deck (slab) (i.e. on same superelevation). Details should be drawn accordingly.

\_\_\_ For aesthetic barrier rail, check details with BSB Methods Unit and see [LRFD BDM 5.8.1.2.5].

\_\_\_ Class D concrete is not allowed – appropriate barrier rail notes are included. See [LRFD BDM 5.8.1.2.6].

\_\_\_ Interstate mainline bridges detail TL-5 railing. See [LRFD BDM 5.8.1.2.1].

\_\_\_ Stainless steel reinforcing barrier rail dowel bars. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.1.1; 5.8.1.1.1; 5.8.1.2.1.1].

## 14. EXPANSION DEVICE

### 14.1 General

\_\_\_ "Or approved equivalent" indicated in table of approved devices.

\_\_\_ Latest designation for glands and extrusions shown.

\_\_\_ Non-weathering steel galvanized finger joints are preferred.

### 14.2 Repair/Retrofit

\_\_\_ Extrusion field splice detail included.

## 15. SUBDRAIN/SLOPE PROTECTION DETAILS

### 15.1 Subdrain Details

\_\_\_ Show subdrain bent around wingwall footings.

\_\_\_ Standard 1007, 1007A, or 1007B as appropriate for overhead bridges. Include the subdrain outlet detail.

\_\_\_ Standard 1007C as appropriate for stream/river crossings. Include the subdrain outlet detail specific to type of channel protection (embedded or non-embedded)

\_\_\_ Show and dimension deck drain locations on plan view.

\_\_\_ Include splash basin details under deck drains where appropriate (unprotected groundline)

\_\_\_ Estimate and show lengths of perforated subdrains and outlet elevations)

### 15.2 Slope Protection Details

\_\_\_ As determined by Preliminary Design, show for overhead bridges with standard berms 2.5:1 or flatter. Steeper berm slopes or abutments constructed behind walls require non-standard details by special design.

\_\_\_ Slope protection appropriate for site (Macadam Stone preferred over Concrete Erosion Stone). See standard sheets 1006-1006E.

\_\_\_ Perforated Subdrain must be shown at the toe of slope. Coordinate installation with Roadway (Bridge plan versus roadway plan).

### 15.3 Channel Protection Details

\_\_\_ As determined by Preliminary Design, show for bridges with standard berms 2.5:1 or flatter. Steeper berm slopes or abutments constructed behind walls require non-standard details by special design.

\_\_\_ Include slope protection detail sheet appropriate for site as detailed on the Site Plan (e.x. Revetment and Erosion Stone for stream/river crossing). See standard sheets 1007-1007C.

### 15.4 Wing Armoring Protection Details

\_\_\_ Include wing armoring to match type of slope or channel protection of the berm (See standard sheet 1005 or 1005A)

\_\_\_ Include wing armoring to match type of slope or rip rap protection of the berm.

\_\_\_ Show subdrain placement around wing footing. Show true wing geometry.

## 16. LIGHTING DETAILS

\_\_\_ Standard sheet modified to reflect the work to be performed to include:

- Elimination of details for conduits not provided (underdeck, sign, etc.)
- Modification of elevation and plan views to reflect abutment type
- Elimination of light pole bases and expansion fitting details if not used.

\_\_\_ Sheet to show elevation view of conduit along bridge.

\_\_\_ **Conduit in rails shall be supported with epoxy coated support bars so that the galvanized steel conduit does not touch the stainless-steel reinforcing. See Standard 1030As2 for details.**

\_\_\_ When installing light pole conduit to multiple bases along the bridge, 1" conduit is shown coming into pole base from both directions along bridge in plan view of pole base.

\_\_\_ For bridges in urban areas or interchanges lighting requirements coordinated with Traffic and Safety Bureau and District.

## 17. AESTHETICS

\_\_\_ Deck drain standard detail sheets 1054 used for bridges including aesthetic details.

\_\_\_ Use of flush pier end diaphragm confirmed with BSB Methods Unit.

\_\_\_ Concrete coating type confirmed with BSB Methods Unit and appropriate Developmental Specifications/Special Provisions included in references.

## 18. APPROACH SIDEWALK

- \_\_\_ For bridges with sidewalks the sidewalk approach slab detail sheet is included.

## 19. ROADWAY PLANS

- \_\_\_ Check that approach roadway plans are either in the bridge project plans (preferred) or a tied roadway plans associated with the bridge.
- \_\_\_ Road sheets to be included in the bridge plan set to start with sheet A.3.
- \_\_\_ Road sheets include necessary PE seals for roadway and geotechnical design. (Typically, a CS sheet requires a geotechnical seal).
- \_\_\_ R sheets with site maps (RC, RR and RU) are included. Landscape design seal included. (For projects with tied roadway plans, the R sheets will be included in the tied project.)
- \_\_\_ Erosion Control, including seeding, fertilizing, and mulching, bid items (ALL projects) - do not include as incidental items. Items should be on R sheets.
- \_\_\_ Verify abutment type (fixed or movable) and BR roadway standard (i.e. BR-203, BR-204, or BR-205) in roadway sheets are appropriately identified for bridge abutment type. For non-standard designs, ensure approach pavement design matches up with paving notch details.
- \_\_\_ Traffic control bid items (all projects where required by traffic control plan). If project is tied to a larger roadway plan, check that bid items are included in the tied project.
- \_\_\_ Traffic control plan current and acceptable to Design Bureau and District (For projects with tied roadway plans, the J sheets will be included in the tied project.)
- \_\_\_ PPP current, consistent with grading plan and acceptable to Design Bureau. PPP should be in the R sheets.
- \_\_\_ Longitudinal grooving quantity and tabulation includes area from bridge deck. Appropriate plan note placed in General Notes in bridge plans. See [LRFD BDM 5.2.4.1.2]. Longitudinal grooving typically belongs with the approach pavement sheets (preferred). Quantity for bridge and approach grooving shall all be bid under the same bid item "Longitudinal Grooving in Concrete, Bridge Deck".
- \_\_\_ Verify guardrail bid items and standard road plans (BA-200 series) listed in the road sheets. If project is tied to a larger roadway plan, check that Design Bureau has included the guardrail in either the tied road sheets or the bridge project. Urban bridges on reduced speed roadways may have a tapered concrete end section.
- \_\_\_ Verify appropriate type for steel beam guardrail bolted end anchor in standard BA-202:
  - Type A for F-Shape rail
  - Type B for vertical retrofit rail
  - Type C for Jersey rail
  - Type D for Single slope rail (current on new bridges)
- \_\_\_ If project is on a paddling route as shown on the Iowa DNR map, verify restricted padding signage included in the roadway (J) sheets. (map: <https://www.iowadnr.gov/things-do/paddling-and-river-recreation/where-paddle>)
- \_\_\_ When junction boxes are required in the bridge rail, request/verify the Road sheets contain the road standard LI-104.

## REFERENCE ABBREVIATIONS

BA – BAriers (standards)  
BR – BRidge approach (standards)  
BDM – Bridge Design Manual  
CADD – Computer Aided Drafting and Design  
CCS – Continuous Concrete Slab  
FHWA # – Federal Highway Administration Number  
FRA – Federal Railroad Administration  
HPC – High Performance Concrete  
LA – Left Ahead  
LI – Lighting (standards)  
LRFD- Load and Resistance Factor Design  
PE - Professional Engineering  
PPCB – Pretensioned Prestressed Concrete Beam  
PPMS – Program and Project Management System  
PPP – Pollution Prevention Plan